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Genoua, September 2,

THe Spaniſh and Genouſe Gallies, 35 in number, ſailed from hence the 27th of the laſt Month, and are, as it's ſaid, gone for *Port Mahon*. The 28th ſailed the *Diamond* for *Alicant*, and the *Levant Merchant* for the *Morea*. The *Four Brothers* and the *Lion* are lading here for the Coaſt of *Spain*; and ſeveral other Engliſh Merchant Ships are now in this Port.

Madrid, Auguſt 31. On Saturday laſt arrived here an Expreſs with the Treaty of Truce ſigned at *Ratisbonne*; upon which the Council of State was aſſembled, where it was reſolved that the ſaid Treaty ſhould be Ratified, which was accordingly done, and the Expreſs ſent back with the Ratification. The Count *de Cogolludo*, Son of the Duke *de Medina Celi*, is made General of the Gallies of *Naples*, and will part from hence in few days for *Barcelona*, (where the Spaniſh Gallies are expected from *Genoua*) to take poſſeſſion of that Command. The Duke *d'Oſſuna* is retired to his houſe at *Penaſiel*, where he will ſtay till he has leave to come to Court.

Turin, September 1. The 26th paſt *Charles Berkeley* Eſq; Envoy Extraordinary from His Majeſty of *Great Britain*, to Compliment the Duke and Dutcheſs of *Savoy* upon their Marriage, was Conducted to his Audience with the uſual Ceremonies. On Monday laſt the Duke of *Savoy* went to ſee ſome of his Troops Exerciſe at *Cheraſque*. The Count *de Soiſſons* is arrived here from *France*.

Francfort, September 15. On the third Inſtant the Elector of *Bavaria* parted from *Vienna*, and the next day arrived at *Presburg* with his Infantry and Train of Artillery, the 5th He parted again from thence, purpoſing to be the 7th at *Gran*, where he would diſembark his Men and Artillery, and his Horſe, who marched by Land and paſſed by *Vienna* the 6th Inſtant, having joyned him, He would march them in a Body to *Buda*; ſo that we reckon his Electoral Highneſs joyned the Imperial Army the 9th or 10th Inſtant. Our laſt Letters from the Camp told us, the Duke of *Lorrain* continued indiſpoſed with a Fever, but that they hoped the worſt was paſt, and that the Duke *de Croy*, and the Commiſſary General *Breiner*, have both been forced by ſickneſs to leave the Army; That the Duke of *Lorrain* had received advice, that the Seraſquier Baſſa intended to repaſs the Bridge of *Eſſecke* with the Army he has with him, conſiſting of 30000 men, and to attempt the relief of *Buda*; but that General *Leſlie* had aſſured his Highneſs he would very cloſely obſerve the Enemy, and if they moved towards *Buda* he would not fail to be in their Rear. We have an account from *Vienna* that 10 Half-Cannon and a great quantity of Ammunition have been lately ſent from thence to the Army; and that they were in hourly expectation to hear from the Camp of ſome great action, which would be undertaken upon the coming up of the Bavarian Forces. The Pope's Nuncio at *Vienna* hath received a great ſum of Money from the Pope to be employed in the War againſt the Turks.

Ratisbonne, September 14. Yeſterday were exchanged here the Ratifications of the Truce between the Emperor and the Empire and the Moſt Chriſtian King. Laſt Monday in the Evening paſſed by here 10 Companies of Foot of the Troops of *Suabia*, and the reſt are expected every hour, they are going for *Hungary* to joyn the Imperial Army, and will make together about 4000 Men; We are told that the States of *Franconia* are likewiſe ſending thither two Regiments. Our Letters from *Hungary* tell us, that the Elector of *Bavaria* was expected at *Gran* the 7th Inſtant, near which place his whole Army was to Rendezvous, and from thence he would march at the head of them to *Buda*, where, it's believed, he arrived the 9th Inſtant. Our laſt Letters from the Camp, ſaid, the Army ſuffered very much by Sickneſs; and that the Enemy had on the 23. paſt ruined the Works which the Beſiegers had made for the cutting off the communication between the Town and the River, the Chriſtians not being able to maintain them for want of Foot; but withal they aſſure us, that the Turks have loſt a great many Men in their Sallies, and that in one they made the ſecond Inſtant 600 of them were killed and wounded, and that things are in that condition in the Town, that it cannot hold out much longer.

Cologne, September 15. A Letter from the Imperial Army before *Buda* of the third Inſtant gives the following Account. The firſt Inſtant the Turks made a very ſtrong Sally in the night, which they had not done before, and fell upon our Dragoons, who did not expect them, of whom they ſlew about 150 with little loſs on their ſide; The next morning they made another great Sally with Horſe and Foot, but we having timely notice of it, were in a poſture to receive them, and ſome Regiments that had the next Poſt, advancing to the aſſiſtance of of thoſe that had the Guard of the Trenches, the Turks after an obſtinate fight were beaten back with a great ſlaughter, and we took ſeveral Priſoners; by whom we underſtand, that the Beſieged are reſolved to Capitulate if they be not ſpeedily relieved. Colonel *Heuſler*, who was ſent out with